

CIRCULATION  
IN KANSAS, COLORADO, NEW  
MEXICO, PANHANDLE, OKLA-  
HOMA AND NO MAN'S LAND  
INDIAN TERRITORY AND  
NORTHERN TEXAS.

# Wichita Eagle

THE ONLY PAPER IN THE  
STATE PRINTED ON A FIRST  
CLASS WEBB PERFECTING  
PRESS, AND PUBLISHED IN  
THE LARGEST CITY IN THE  
STATE OF KANSAS.

VOL. VIII. NO. 72.

WICHITA, KANSAS, THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 9, 1888.

WHOLE NO. 1166

**Minson & McNamee**

**A PROTECTION SALE**

As long as we remain in the dry goods business in Wichita, we will protect ourselves against all irregular sales in our line of goods whether they are at cost or less than cost sales. Everything considered, we have passed through a prosperous year, and we are willing to let out lots of fresh new spring goods at 10 to 15 per cent less than last years cost on old and unseasonable goods,

**SPECIAL COST SALE OF**

Ladies muslin underwear, new and desirable, just opened.

**SPECIAL COST SALE OF**

All our dress goods and silks. Fine fresh goods adapted for early spring wear and 10 per cent less than last years cost on goods not as desirable of course.

**SPECIAL COST SALE OF**

All our domestic cotton goods, and wash fabrics of all kinds. All our flannels and boys suitings.

**SPECIAL COST SALE OF**

Table linens, towels, napkins, and all linen goods. Fully one-half of this stock is new and just opened.

**SPECIAL COST SALE OF**

Lace curtains and scrim. 50 pieces of new designs in lace scrim will be put on sale to-day at 5 cents a yard. Wraps at one-half the cost. Don't buy dry goods this week until you have compared our prices with others, and then you will judge who names the lowest prices, quality considered.

**Dress Goods at Cost Today.**

**Muslin Underwear at Cost Today.**

**Everything at Cost for the Present**

We are willing to lose some money to protect ourselves if it is necessary.

**Minson & McNamee**

123 and 125 Main St.

## THE RUSH YESTERDAY

AT THE OLD STAND OF  
**W. J. WILSON & CO.**

At the chattel mortgage sale of their elegant new stock of dry goods was so great that the doors had to be closed to keep the crowd out so that customers in the store could be waited upon. The goods are all new and desirable and the citizens and ladies of Wichita should not lose this golden opportunity to purchase goods at

## SPOT CASH!

This sale will continue until the entire stock is closed. Come early this morning and secure the greatest bargains ever offered in this or any other city, at the old stand of

**W. J. WILSON & CO.,**  
208 & 205 N MAIN ST.

P. S.—It is simply impossible to quote the cut prices on this sale. Step in and see for yourselves.

## KILLED BY BURGLARS.

ONE OF CHICAGO'S WEALTHIEST  
CITIZENS MURDERED.

Mr. Snell, 425 Washington Boulevard, Shot to Death and His Strong Box Rifled.

A St. Louis Butcher's Terrible Fight With a Dog—The Man's Life is Jeopardied.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—Amos J. Snell, the millionaire who is the owner of the toll road running through Jefferson, was found murdered in his bed this morning at his residence, 425 Washington boulevard.

About 2 o'clock this morning a servant girl heard a noise like a pistol shot coming from Mr. Snell's room, but paid no attention to it. Later he was found with a bullet hole in his left breast and one behind the left ear. Entrance was effected by the burglars through a back door, they having taken out the panel and sawed out the lock.

Chief of Detectives Henshaw and four detectives from the Central station are now working up the case.

Mr. Snell was one of the largest real estate owners in Chicago, owning a great number of houses which he rented. His business was transacted in the basement of his own house, which was fitted up as an office. The windows and doors were heavily barred and there were several large safes in the rooms in which the millionaire's business was done. The theory in regard to the murder is that a carefully planned robbery had been arranged. It was known that during the first part of each month large sums of money, the proceeds from Mr. Snell's houses, were kept in the basement. It is believed that the burglars effected an entrance into the house and were at work at the safe when Mr. Snell, hearing the noise, went down to the basement and surprised the thieves at their work. His body was found in the hall just at the entrance of his office door.

The burglars had made raids during the night on several houses in the neighborhood. The traces in the snow show that they went from one back yard to another. Upon reaching Mr. Snell's they bored sixteen or seventeen holes through the roof of the house and then entered by the entrance. From the kitchen they proceeded to the office, which was in the front of the house. Here it appears there was nothing of any value to them to be found. The safe and desks were filled with papers and after ransacking these they proceeded up the stairs to the parlor floor. The door at the head of the basement stairs was skillfully forced and the men were in the front part when it is supposed that Mr. Snell, who slept directly above this room, heard them. He left his bed room and taking a revolver went down the front stairs. The folding doors, leading into the parlor were shut, but it is supposed he heard the noise in the room for he fired a shot through the door.

The burglars opened the door and returned the fire, the bullet striking the woodwork and rebounding hit Mr. Snell in the breast, who then ran back toward the rear of the hall. The burglars must have followed him and shot again, as the wounded man was found at the head of the basement stairs with a bullet hole behind the ear.

The Snell house is a large three story basement structure, solidly built of brick and stone and one of the most imposing residences in the neighborhood, noted for its fine architecture. Its only occupants last night were its owner, a man of 40 years old, two servant girls and two little girls, grand children of Mr. Snell, who were spending a few days there. Mr. Snell leaves a wife, two married daughters, and a son, Mrs. Snell and one of the daughters, Mrs. Frank Collins, are at present on a visit in Milwaukee.

Mr. Snell was one of the wealthiest and best known residents of the West Side, and had been connected with Chicago's history for a great many years. He was born in Little Falls, N. Y., and came west in 1844, stopping for a few months in Cincinnati, and then to this city. A little later he went to Milwaukee, returning here in about a year, and opened a hotel at the corner of the main street and the river, where it had the foundation of the fortune which, at his death amounted to about \$1,000,000.

A most extraordinary feature of the crime is that, although the murder was committed about 2 o'clock and the

noise of the shooting heard by the servant girls at that time, they paid no attention to it, explaining their action after the murder had been discovered by saying that they thought Mr. Snell had accidentally fired the shot. It was, therefore, not till about 7 o'clock that the coachman, who slept in the barn and entered the house to look after the furnace discovered the body of Mr. Snell.

Later it was discovered that the burglars had taken a check for \$5,000 made by A. J. Snell, Mr. Snell's son-in-law, payable to Mr. Snell, from the strong box in the office. What else they secured will probably never be known, as Mr. Snell was the only one to whom the contents of the strong box were known. It is said by all who knew him that there was no money or negotiable papers in the box, as he never took such papers to his house.

**CHIEFED BY A DOG.**

A St. Louis Butcher Has a Terrible Fight With a Newfoundland.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 8.—Christ Hoechele was nearly killed Saturday evening by his 2-year-old Newfoundland dog, which he had raised to guard the premises at night. The brute was vicious to all except Hoechele's family, and was kept chained during the day. On this evening he was given the freedom of the butcher's back yard, and when Christ claimed the right to lead the dog he flew at him and a terrible fight ensued for ten minutes, in which four members of the Hoechele family took part against the dog.

The brute, weighing 160 pounds, notwithstanding the shower of blows which rained upon him from all sides, seemed bent upon Hoechele's throat and pinned the strong left arm of the butcher to his chest, advancing it to the body. Knocked down by the powerful blows of the butcher the dog flew back at his master and tore his throat, breast and side with his sharp teeth. Early in the fight he had procured a butcher knife but was unable to use it without danger to his husband. The blade was quickly passed to him and in a jiffy the dog fell dead, with his head nearly severed from his body.

Hoechele is in a very critical condition, his chest and neck and arms being lacerated. His recovery is thought to be very doubtful.

**BURNED TO DEATH.**

LEFFERTS, Out, Feb. 8.—Stinson's hotel, in Belle Park, was burned last night. Mrs. Nesbitt and her youngest child were burned to death.

**MURDER AND SUICIDE.**

GALT, Out, Feb. 8.—John Carry, a farmer, shot and killed Henry Main, a banker and brewer, of this city this morning and then committed suicide.

**ADVERTISING AGENTS.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 8.—The executive committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' association met at the Denison hotel yesterday in advance of the annual meeting of the association which takes place today. A conference was held with the leading advertising agents of the United States with a view of arranging reforms in the methods of doing business between advertisers and papers. There is a large attendance of newspaper men from all parts of the country and the annual meeting bids fair to be very successful.

**THE KANSAS VALLEY R. R. CO.**

JUNCTION CITY, Kan., Feb. 8.—The Kansas Valley Railroad company held its annual meeting at Junction City Tuesday evening, February 7, and elected the following board of directors: W. B. Clark, of Kansas City, Mo.; Thomas T. Osborne, of Topeka; John B. Anderson, L. R. Elliott, and S. M. Fox, of Manhattan; B. Rockwell, S. D. Carr, A. L. Barnes, Geo. W. Martin, J. K. Right, A. H. Bartlett, A. M. Gage, of Junction City, and Theo. Mosher, of Abilene.

The directors organized as follows: President, Thomas T. Osborne; vice president, John K. Wright; secretary, A. L. Barnes; and treasurer, Theo. Mosher.

S. D. Carr was the executive committee. This company has a charter for building a road along the Kansas valley on the north side of the river, and they have strong hopes of securing its construction.

**OPIMUM SMUGGLERS CAUGHT.**

WATERBURY, N. Y., Feb. 8.—United States customs officials last night captured \$25,000 worth of opium which was being smuggled across the boundary line at Redwood. The smuggler and his wife were arrested.

## HEADING FOR WICHITA.

ALL GREAT TRUNK LINES MUST COME.

The Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad Sees the Necessity of Building to Wichita.

The Road to be Extended the Coming Season—Another Valuable Addition to Our System.

Railroad Officials Visit Ashland, Kan., to Inspect the New Line at That Place and Englewood.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

NEW YORK CITY, Feb. 8.—The talk yesterday and today on "Change among stock operators" is that the Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad company has determined to extend their line the coming season from Kansas City to Wichita. The road is now completed to the former place and in operation.

**ASHLAND NEWS.**

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

ASHLAND, Kan., Feb. 8.—Hon. Job Mulvane, president, and Thos. Kingman, engineer, of the Chicago, Kansas & Western and Southern Kansas & Pacific railway were here today in Mulvane's special car and in company with the county officials and several prominent citizens of Ashland passed over the newly constructed line to Englewood to inspect the line. Like all the lines belonging to the Santa Fe system it was found to be well built and in good condition. The extension of the line beyond Englewood is not contemplated this year, which will give that place the advantage of terminal facilities for a time at least. The road is to be soon extended west from Ashland, making it the junction of two lines which are destined to be of great importance.

W. H. Towner, a resident of Lexington, in this county, and one of the board of county commissioners, came to Ashland this morning, bringing with him a sample of coal from a recently discovered vein in that locality. The vein is three and three-fourths feet thick and is of good quality.

**MARRIAGE MADE EASY.**

The Story of a Remarkable Family.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—A case of almost unprecedented laxity of moral relations came to light in Justice Stillings' police court today in Jersey City. The case was brought about by Detective Kilbourne, who arrested George Phillips, a young Englishman, for alleged assault upon his mother-in-law, Caroline Sapp, the latter is an Englishwoman about 55 years of age. She admits having had three husbands, and claims to be a widow, although her second husband, a man named Hill, is said to be living. Phillips admitted the assault, but claimed he acted in self-defense. He called his brother-in-law, Charles Sapp, and the latter's wife to corroborate his testimony. Mrs. Sapp, a startling story. My mother-in-law used to live in Jersey City and moved to Brookline about fifteen years ago. She was appointed guardian in 1881 of Ida Broder, a young girl who appealed to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, because of her father's abuse. John Taylor, a colored man, wanted to marry Ida, but she would not have him. Taylor paid my mother one dollar to bring about the match. She was married to him, and he was a violent man. He was killed by a woman about a month afterward. Then there was Mattie Euter, another young girl, whom my mother sold to Jim Deane, a sailor. My husband can tell all about his sister's doings.

Charles Sapp Jr., corroborated the statements concerning his mother's words. "My sister denied it," he said. "On January 8, 1884, they married John Lowe, a sailor, in 1884. They lived at mother's house a year before they were married with mother's consent. About a year later, she left him and married Lewis Robbette, a sailor, to whom she was engaged before she married her first husband. The two marriages were performed by Rev. J. H. Blodgett and the other by Rev. Dr. Cornell. My sister also has two husbands, although she is but 17 years of age. On January 8, she was married to John Gasson, a sailor. My mother has had three husbands. One of them is alive. Phillips accepted my sister Kate a month ago. She is 20 years old. She was just a year when my mother married John Lowe, a sailor. Sapp's two daughters, Jennie and Josephine, subsequently appeared and admitted their ambiguous marriages. Phillips was held in \$100 bail in the assault case. There is an excellent prospect for the arrest and punishment of all the female members of this remarkable family.

**ACCIDENT TO A SOMNAMBULIST.**

LARNED, Kan., Feb. 8.—A very strange and peculiar case is reported here today by a party just in from Pawnee Rock. A young man named Joe Williams, with his wife, lives a mile and a half this side of Pawnee Rock, near the railroad track. Just at 2 o'clock last night they heard a faint noise of distress near the house, and upon opening the door, saw the form of a man dragging himself along on his hands and feet. On hearing the light a horrible spectacle was presented. The man appeared to be about 30 years old. His face and head were covered with blood, and one ankle was broken. It was found that the blood came from a slight wound on the head, which was not dangerous. This, with the broken ankle, were the only wounds of importance, and, with proper treatment, the man will recover.

The cause of the wounds is shrouded in mystery. The man gave his name as Leveik, but could not tell nothing whatever as to the cause of the accident. He ate dinner yesterday at Ellinwood and walked from there to Great Bend, where he ate supper at 7 o'clock. This is the last he has been able to tell. He had been in the habit lately of walking in his sleep, and thought this might be the cause of the recent disaster. In all probability he sat down after supper and fell asleep. He then continued his journey on the railroad track, from which he was knocked by the first passing train.

**ST. VINCENT'S NEW ABBOT.**

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 8.—The election of St. Vincent Abbey, of a successor to the late Archbishop Winner, to the benedictine order, took place to-day and resulted in choice of R. J. Wolf, the present abbot of Archdiocese. About 140 members of the order from the different portions of the country were present. The district embraces a large area including Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, West Virginia and Maryland.

## THE CINCINNATI FAILURE.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 8.—Mr. Louis Krohn, who served four hours as vice-president of the Metropolitan bank, speaks out plainly about the way he was deceived. He says he knew nothing of the cause of embarrassment till informed by the bank examiners that the bank was impaired. He insisted on its being made good and it was done. Then he thought all was right, but on Friday last the bank examiner called him to his hotel and told him that there was a ring or syndicate among the directors that had borrowed and loaned the funds of the bank in a shameful manner, to the amount of between \$300,000 and \$600,000. The bank examiner then said that Mr. Krohn would have to resign and perhaps would be called on to answer to a criminal charge. Mr. Krohn says that he and Colonel Dayton, that night said Means and other directors named as belonging to the syndicate and insisted upon having better securities for their loans. Next morning Means and Dayton turned over for themselves and directors Roth, Duckworth and Gerke what appeared to be a lot of good securities. Mr. Krohn then went to other banks and got some assistance, but it was impossible to stem the tide. He avers that the truth was kept from him until it was too late to prevent the catastrophe. Crohn Ward makes a statement of the condition of the bank showing that after all claims are paid a remaining total of \$250,000 will be left for stockholders as 50 per cent of the value of the bank's assets. He says that he has been no further arrested yesterday morning, and it is not likely that any more will now be made.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 8.—John R. DeCamp has been rendered by his bondsmen, John Carlisle and Albert Netter, and is now in charge of a United States deputy marshal. He has not been committed to jail, but is calling upon his friends to go on his bond.

John R. DeCamp, after being under custody in the United States commission's office from about 3:30 p. m. to 4 p. m., obtained four bondsmen and was released. Mr. Albert Netter reconsidered his action and signed the bond. The others were W. DeCamp, Henry C. Gilman and Richard Smith. District Attorney Barnett represents the statement which has been freely made that the arrest of Mr. DeCamp on Monday was the cause of the suspension. He stated that two weeks ago the government was in possession of information that warranted an arrest, but the arrest was not made. In the meantime the cause for suspension were in operation, and on Monday afternoon after practically exhausting the help from other banks, the Metropolitan failed to pay its clearing house checks. The other banks offered to advance \$50,000 for Tuesday, but it was difficult to find securities to justify that loan. In addition to the clearing house balance there were telegraphic orders to change balances of correspondents to other banks, which would have eaten up the \$50,000, and more, and a suspension was inevitable. The arrest was made after this fact became clear to the government officers. The course of District Attorney Barnett in delaying the arrest so long as he could has been commended by the Washington authorities.

**ROMANTIC SECRET MARRIAGE.**

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 8.—There is a social sensation here over the secret marriage of Miss Margaret Gilbert and Thomas A. Moore. Miss Gilbert is a main street belle and the daughter of Edwin Gilbert, the rich mailster. She is petite in form, is a brunette, with bewitching eyes and has a dainty and sweet disposition. On January 4 she attended a party, at which she bid good-bye to her friends before going to Baltimore with her sister, Mrs. Gilbey. Soon after she left Mr. Moore, who had been her lover, followed her to Baltimore, and a marriage resulted. She returned home immediately afterward, but her husband went to Hamilton, where he had a chance to do better in the brokerage business than he could do here. Before Miss Gilbert went South Moore was a favored visitor at the house, but since then he has been refused admission. A dispatch tonight from Baltimore shows that on January 19, 1888, Moore and Miss Gilbert were married at 105 Pleasant street, Baltimore, by Rev. Louis F. Zinkham, a license having been issued by the Court of Common Pleas. Moore and Miss Gilbert had a pledge to remain up to the year without saying anything, but the story leaked out through notes to Bishop Cox and Rev. Brown, of St. Paul's church. The bride's father is ill and refuses to see anybody. Her mother denies the marriage.

**A SENSATION IN COURT.**

HOOVER, Mich., Feb. 8.—The Curtis Wentworth case was tried in the circuit court today. In December J. B. Curtis, village attorney for Red Jacket, entered the photograph gallery of C. W. Wentworth, and after a few minutes conversation shot at him. Wentworth was badly wounded. The affair created a great sensation, as the motive could not be learned. After recovering from his wound, Wentworth refused to prosecute and attempted to sell out his property and leave his course adding deeper mystery to the affair. The authorities took the case into their hands and both parties were arrested. In the trial today a great sensation was caused when Mrs. Curtis took the stand and confessed criminal relations with her husband, thus supplying the motive of her husband's attempt at homicide. Curtis was acquitted. The case has been argued all day.

**COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.**

SHAWNEETOWN, Ill., Feb. 8.—Sheriff Nolan yesterday arrested and brought to town four men charged with counterfeiting and passing counterfeit money. Their names are Daniel McDowell, Jesse R. Williams, William Burke and John McConner. Spurious money of the denomination of \$1, 50 cents and nickels were found on some of them, a portion of it only partly finished, the needed edges extending about half way around and the other half remaining rough and crude, just as it came from the mounds. McDowell weakened, and produced the dies and some of the metal in bars, partly used up. The men in the Saline mines precinct, this county, and all are married. The work of counterfeiting seems to have been done at the house of McDowell, at Italy Ferry. All four are now in jail.

**FINED FOR ASSAULT.**

MOOREHEAD, Ill., Feb. 8.—Today the court house in this city was crowded to hear the complaint of C. U. Collins, a teacher at Goodwell school house, two miles northeast of here, against J. D. Drew and Edward Tolson for assault. Tolson drew was a farmer and was in the prairie all night during the recent blizzard with three of his pupils, all of whom died in his arms, had both feet amputated yesterday. Her left arm is badly deformed by large bits of flesh dropping off, but the physicians say it will probably not be necessary to amputate it.

**A HEROINE LOSES HER FEET.**

PLAINVILLE, Ill., Feb. 8.—Miss Louie M. Rouse, the school teacher who lay on the prairie all night during the recent blizzard with three of her pupils, all of whom died in her arms, had both feet amputated yesterday. Her left arm is badly deformed by large bits of flesh dropping off, but the physicians say it will probably not be necessary to amputate it.

## IN THE SENATE.

THE ALIEN LAND ACT WAS DISCUSSED.

Next Wednesday at 4 o'clock Fixed for Taking a Vote on the Blair Educational Bill.

Motion to Go Into Executive Session Was Withdrawn on Mr. Riddleberger's Resolution.

Mr. Riddleberger Insisted on the Motion and Voted Yes—He Then Asked for Reconsideration. But It Was Denied.

**SENATE.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—On motion of Mr. Stewart the senate bill to authorize the sale to aliens of certain mineral lands was taken up. The bill amends the alien land act of the 3rd of March, 1887, by providing that that act shall not relate to or affect the title to mineral lands on mining claims in territories. Mr. Stewart explained and advocated the bill which, he said, would be entirely satisfactory. He stated that more money was expended probably in developing mines than was taken out of them. It made no difference to miners and to mining communities whether the capital employed was foreign or native. The object of the bill was to restore the law as it had stood for the last thirty years in regard to mineral lands.

Mr. Mitchell spoke in favor of the bill and had read a communication in support of it from a delegate of the territory of Montana. Mr. Mitchell added that the bill had the recommendation of the governors of all the territories, with one exception. He offered an amendment providing that no Chinese person and no company or corporation in which any Chinese person is interested shall ever be permitted to hold or own any mining claims or real estate in any of the territories. After considerable discussion the bill was laid aside. On motion of Mr. Vest the bill appropriating \$1,250,000 for the erection of a public building at Kansas City, Mo., was taken up and passed. In connection with Mr. Vest's bill the report of the post-office department showed the fact that mail matter distributed from Kansas City exceeded that of any other office in the United States, not even excepting the great city of New York.

Mr. Call spoke in support of the Blair education bill.

At the close of Mr. Call's remarks Mr. Blair asked to have a time fixed for a vote on the bill, and pending amendments he suggested a 4 o'clock tomorrow.

Mr. Plumb objected that he would be glad to have a time fixed, but further in the future. He would have something to say about the bill, but he was not prepared with the statistics which he wanted to use. Another senator had informed him that he also wished to speak. He suggested next Wednesday at 3 o'clock, and Mr. Blair accepted that suggestion and a unanimous consent was given to it.

Mr. Harris moved to proceed to executive business, but he offered to withdraw the motion in order to have a reconsideration of the resolution, provided it could be laid without any discussion.

Mr. Riddleberger declared that he would make no conditions as to the reconsideration of the resolution, and demanded the yeas and nays on the motion to go into executive session.

The senate then voted (44 to 36) to proceed to executive business. Mr. Riddleberger voting in the affirmative.

A decent, though momentary scene, followed. Mr. Riddleberger arose as the chair announced the vote and attempted to speak. The chair directed, as usual, that the "sergeant-at-arms will clear the galleries and close the door."

The senator from Virginia, who has a bronchial affection which renders it difficult for him to make himself audible, spoke with excitement, said: "I beg pardon, sir. I arise to move the reconsideration of the purpose further pause. I have the right and no sergeant-at-arms can restrain me from—". The closing of the doors shut off the further proceeding from the public ear.

It is understood that the senator from Virginia continued his remarks, but directed them against the substance of Riddleberger's motion, and that he consumed the time until the senate adjourned.

**HOUSE.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The speaker appointed the following special committee on existing labor troubles in Pennsylvania: Tillman, of South Carolina; Stone, of Missouri; Chapman, of Michigan; Anderson, of Kansas, and Parker, of New York.

The house then at 2:45 adjourned.

**DOWN WITH A WRECK.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—Particulars were received here today of the wreck of the British iron bark Abercorn, on the Washington Territory coast, and the loss of twenty-four officers and men. The Abercorn arrived off the Columbia river bar on the 1st inst. She took a pilot, but was unable to get over the breakers, and put to sea to await a more favorable opportunity. Her captain (McCullough) was willing to take almost any risk to get across, but the pilot refused. On the night of the 1st the Abercorn was in a frightful storm. She was finally driven northward, and early next morning was wrecked on the coast near Gray's Harbor. The sea was so high that the officers and crew could not leave the vessel. They tried to do so but all perished miserably, except two women and the apprentice. They were saved by some Indians who happened to be on hand when the wreck occurred. It is supposed there were twenty-seven men on board the vessel, and the loss of life is placed at twenty-four men. If it had not been for the Indians venturing out in canoes no one would have been saved. The Abercorn was a nearly new vessel and valued at \$60,000, and her cargo at \$50,000. She is insured in English companies.

**TOM ELLIS DEAD.**

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 8.—Tom Ellis, editor of the Hornet, who was shot Saturday night by Detective A. J. Sullivan, died at 10 this morning. How he lived so long after being shot was a mystery, even to the physicians. His pulse ceased to beat thirteen hours before he died and three hours before he stopped breathing. His limbs were cold and rigid. Internal hemorrhage was the immediate cause of his death. A post mortem examination held over the body showed that the bullet passed through the lower lobe of the right lung and internal hemorrhage set in almost immediately. The preliminary trial of Sullivan will be held Thursday.

Last night W. B. Moore, business manager of the Hornet, announced his intention of shooting Sullivan at night. He was locked up by the police, but was released on bond today.

**OIL AT LEHIGH, E. T.**

LEHIGH, E. T., Feb. 8.—Oil was struck here yesterday at a depth of 917 feet and is flowing at the rate of a barrel an hour.